

PROJECT SCOPE MANAGEMENT



DEFINE SCOPE

Process by process group

Planning	Monitoring and Controlling
5.1 Plan Scope Management	5.5 Validate Scope
5.2 Collect Requirements	5.6 Control Scope
5.3 Define Scope	
5.4 Create WBS	



DEFINE SCOPE

What happens in Define Scope?

- Define Scope is the process of developing a detailed description of the project and product.
- The preparation of a detailed project scope statement is critical to project success and builds upon the major deliverables, assumptions, and constraints that are documented during project initiation.
- During planning, the project scope is defined and described with greater specificity as more information about the project is known.
- Existing risks, assumptions and constraints are analyzed for completeness

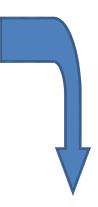


DEFINE SCOPE



TOOLS & TECHNIQUES

- Expert judgement
- Product analysis
- Alternatives identification
 - Facilitated workshops



INPUTS

- Scope Management Plan
 - Project charter
- Requirements documentation
- Organizational process assets

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Limited

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OUTPUTS

- Project scope statement
 - Project document



DEFINE SCOPE - INPUTS

INPUTS

- Scope Management Plan
 Described in section 5.1.3.1 of the PMBOK Guide
- Project Charter
 High-level project description and product characteristics
- Requirements documentation
 Described in Sec. 5.2.3.1 of PMBOK Guide
- Organizational process Assets



DEFINE SCOPE – T & T

TOOLS & TECHNIQUES

Expert Judgment

 Expert judgment is often used to analyze the information needed to develop the project scope statement.

Product Analysis

- Differs by application area (translates product objectives into tangible deliverables and requirements).
- Includes techniques such as product breakdown, systems analysis, systems engineering, value engineering, and value analysis.



DEFINE SCOPE—T&T

Alternatives Identification

- Technique used to generate different approaches to execute & perform project work.
- Common techniques are brainstorming (group shares impulse ideas & gains ideas from each other) & lateral thinking (consider several points of view)

Facilitated Workshops

Read Section 5.2.2.3 of the PMBOK Guide



1) Project Scope Statement

- It describes in detail the project deliverables & work required to create the deliverables.
- It defines what work will be performed & what work is excluded determines how well the PM team can control the overall project scope – in turn can determine how well the PM team can plan, manage & control execution of the project
- It includes, either directly or by reference to other documents (must read page 123 of PMBOK thoroughly)



The detailed project scope statement includes, either directly, or by reference to other documents, the following:

Product scope description

Progressively elaborated characteristics of project's product, service or result described in the project charter and requirements documentation.

Product acceptance criteria

Process and criteria for accepting completed products

Project deliverables

Product or service of the project, and supplementary results, such as project management reports & documentation



Project exclusions

Generally identifies what is excluded as from the project (must state explicitly)

Project constraints

- Restriction or limitation of the project scope that limit team's option e.g. pre-defined budget; imposed dates or schedule milestones etc.
- Projects performed under contract generally have contractual provisions

Project assumptions

- Factors, that for planning purposes, are considered true, real or certain. -
- Generally involve a degree of risk



2) Project Document Updates

Documents that may be updated include, but not limited to:

- Stakeholder register
- Requirements documentation
- Requirements traceability matrix



Question

My company is researching on "clean energy on clean transportation". As the Project Manager, which of the following is a valid assumption?

- A. Project scope is to develop an alternative energy source or electric drive for Off-road vehicles.
- B. Project has to be completed in 24 months
- C. Cost of the project is \$ 17m
- D. Gas will become a scarce commodity after 20 years



Answer: D

Assumptions are factors that are considered <u>true</u>, <u>real or certain</u> (PM needs to make assumptions at every stage of the project)

Constraints are <u>limitations or restrictions</u>. (Given in Project Charter)

D is the only assumption; all the others are constraints.